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Mersey Gateway Executive Board

Thursday, 29 January 2009 3.00 p.m. (or at the rise of the Executive Board meeting), Marketing Suite, Municipal Building

Chief Executive

San, J. W. C.

BOARD MEMBERSHIP

Councillor Tony McDermott (Chairman) Councillor Rob Polhill Councillor Mike Wharton

Labour Labour Labour

Please contact Lynn Derbyshire on 0151 471 7389 or e-mail lynn.derbyshire@halton.gov.uk for further information. The next meeting of the Board is on Thursday, 19 March 2009

ITEMS TO BE DEALT WITH IN THE PRESENCE OF THE PRESS AND PUBLIC

Part I

Item No.

Page No.

1. MINUTES

2. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

Members are reminded of their responsibility to declare any personal or personal and prejudicial interest which they have in any item of business on the agenda no later than when that item is reached and, with personal and prejudicial interests (subject to certain exceptions in the Code of Conduct for Members), to leave the meeting prior to discussion and voting on the item.

3. PLANNING, TRANSPORTATION, REGENERATION AND RENEWAL PORTFOLIO

- (A) PREPARATIONS FOR THE MERSEY GATEWAY PUBLIC 1 4 INQUIRY
- (B) RELOCATING BUSINESSES AFFECTED BY MERSEY GATEWAY 5 - 8
- (C) MERSEY GATEWAY FUNDING FOR ADVANCED LAND 9 15 ACQUISITION

In accordance with the Health and Safety at Work Act the Council is required to notify those attending meetings of the fire evacuation procedures. A copy has previously been circulated to Members and instructions are located in all rooms within the Civic block.

REPORT TO:	Mersey Gateway Exec Board
DATE:	29 January 2008
REPORTING OFFICER:	Mersey Gateway Project Director
SUBJECT:	Preparations for the Mersey Gateway Public Inquiry

1.0 PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

1.1 To advise members of the progress made in preparing for the public inquiry which has now been announced.

2.0 **RECOMMENDATION:** That

The Mersey Gateway Executive Board note the progress made.

3.0 SUPPORTING INFORMATION

- 3.1 The 30 September the Secretary of State announced that a conjoined public inquiry would be held to consider the statutory applications for Mersey Gateway. The announcement of the public inquiry established the procedural timetable and the first key event took place on 11 November when the Council submitted its Statement of Case which was reported to MGEB in November 2008.
- 3.2 The next step was for the Department for Transport (DfT) to issue the formal Statement of Matters for the public inquiry, which in effect would set the terms of reference for the inquiry. The timetable required the DfT to issue the Statement of Matters on or before the 23 December but they have now written to all interested parties to extend this deadline until 23 February 2009. The reason given for this delay is to allow the tolling proposals in the Transport and Works Act Application (that would apply to the new crossing) to be reviewed against the road user charging scheme as defined in the made Road User Charging Order for SJB. The letter from DfT of 23 December 2008, explaining this delay, is appended to this report.
- 3.3 The extended period up to the issuing of the Statement of Matters will still enable an Inquiry to commence this spring. The additional time will be used to resolve as many objections as possible leading to a shorter Inquiry and potentially an earlier Decision. The project team are making good progress towards resolving objections. A key aim is to reach agreement with Natural England and the Environmental Agency where the matter of ecological mitigation is the main issue that remains to be settled. To support the robust deliverability of our environmental mitigation proposals we are investigating the case for establishing a

Mersey Gateway environmental Trust under the Charities Act 2006 as an efficient vehicle to deliver the long term mitigation nature conservation plan. Such a body could oversee other council strategic objectives towards to the long-term management, maintenance and promotion of the estuary. Any proposals emerging from these investigations and discussions with the regulating bodies will be reported to MGEB.

4.0 POLICY IMPLICATIONS

4.1 The project is a key priority for the Council which will deliver benefits locally and across the wider region.

5.0 FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

5.1 The cost of preparing for the public inquiry is covered by the approved Mersey Gateway development budget. The delay will put pressure on development costs but providing the Inquiry commences in the Spring the pressure can be absorbed within the current approved budget.

6.0 RISK ANALYSIS

6.1 The timing of the public inquiry is a critical event in the project programme and the project team will do all it can to avoid any further delay.

7.0 EQUALITY AND DIVERSITY ISSUES

7.1 Mersey Gateway provides an opportunity to improve accessibility to services, education and employment for all.

8.0 LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS UNDER SECTION 100D OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1972

8.1 Files maintained by the Mersey Gateway Project Team and by the Highways and Transportation Department.



Transport and Works Act Orders Unit Department for Transport 9/09 Southside 105 Victoria Street LONDON Appendix 1SW1E 6DT

> Enquiries: 020-7944 3196 Fax: 020-7944 9637 Email: transportandworksact@dft.gov.uk Web Site: www.dft.gov.uk/strategy/twa Our Ref: TWA/08/APP/05/ Your Ref:

23 December 2008

Dear

TRANSPORT AND WORKS ACT 1992 ("TWA") APPLICATION FOR THE PROPOSED RIVER MERSEY (MERSEY GATEWAY BRIDGE) ORDER

1. I refer to my letter of 30 September advising you that we had decided to hold a public inquiry into this application by Halton Borough Council for powers to construct the new Mersey Gateway Bridge. At that time we asked those who wanted to present oral evidence to the inquiry to submit statements of case to us (by 11 November). I am writing to update you on progress with this case and to explain why we are not yet in a position to fix a date for the inquiry to open.

2. As I explained previously, the intention is that the inquiry into the proposed TWA Order would be joined up with inquiries into a number of other applications by Halton Borough Council for consents needed for the scheme. One of those linked applications is for confirmation by the Secretary of State for Transport of a Road User Charging Order which would authorise the Council to introduce charges for using the Silver Jubilee Bridge. This application was made to the Department on 16 December. Colleagues in the Department's Roads Strategy Division are now considering this application.

3. Since it will take a while for the road user charging application to catch up procedurally with the others made by Halton earlier in the year, we consider it will not now be possible to start a combined inquiry into all the linked applications in March, as previously envisaged by the Council. We will write to you again when we are able to confirm the inquiry arrangements.

4. In view of the longer than expected timescale for the opening of the inquiry, we have decided to defer until **23 February 2009** the deadline for us to issue a statement of matters for the inquiry. (Please see question 30 in the Brief Guide to TWA Orders, sent to you when we acknowledged your representation, which explains what a statement of matters is.) This is to

a1

allow us to combine in one statement of matters issues relating both to the proposed TWA Order for the Mersey Gateway Bridge and to the Road User Charging Order for the Silver Jubilee Bridge. If we can issue a statement of matters before that date we will do so.

5. Please let me know if you have any questions about these procedures.

Yours sincerely

Caroline O'Neill

Caroline O'Neill

REPORT TO:	Mersey Gateway Exec Board
DATE:	29 January 2008
REPORTING OFFICER:	Mersey Gateway Project Director
1) SUBJECT:	Relocating Businesses Affected by Mersey Gateway

1.0 PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

1.1 To advise members of the progress made in negotiating land acquisition with those parties affected by the published Compulsory Purchase Orders and Applications.

2.0 **RECOMMENDATION:** That

The Mersey Gateway Executive Board note the progress made.

3.0 SUPPORTING INFORMATION

- 3.1 All businesses affected by Mersey Gateway have been contacted an invited to discuss acquisition in advance of exercising any Compulsory Purchase powers, should such powers be confirmed in due course by the Secretary of State. These negotiations are applying the advanced land acquisition and relocation policy agreed with the Mersey Gateway Executive Board.
- 3.2 The information appended to this report shows the breakdown of the businesses who have expressed an interest in relocated. The businesses have been listed according to the type of premises required for relocations, such as industrial, office etc, alongside their approximate size requirement.
- 3.3 Relocations are split between Widnes and Runcorn as most businesses spoken to have shown a preference to remain on the side of the river where they are currently located.
- 3.4 Recent press reports have covered the successful agreement reached with Thermo Fisher to relocate them to Manor Park. The Thermo Fisher case demonstrated exceptional benefits from early relocation commitments. A small number of other businesses have been identified as having exceptional needs and negotiations are currently ongoing with these businesses and we aim to reach a similar satisfactory conclusion in the near future.
- 3.5 There are a certain number of businesses, which through their operational activity, transport depot, recycling etc, will prove more difficult to relocate through a lack of alternative sites currently available on the

market. The project team are exploring the viability of making available Council land for relocation purposes, to help solve these more challenging relocation requirement. The results of this investigation are due to be reported to the next meeting of MGEB in March.

- 3.6 The table at Appendix 1 indicates that the majority of businesses operate from more standard type property and at this stage it is expected that their needs can be met through the market supply. Particularly in Widnes where there are a number of new build opportunities.
- 3.7 The Waterloo Centre which is owned by the Council and operated by the Chamber, currently has 28 businesses based there. Around 75 percent of these businesses require offices of less than 500 ft2. Again it is expected that they can be offered alternative accommodation through the private sector. A complete review of the small office market in Widnes is currently being undertaken.

4.0 POLICY IMPLICATIONS

4.1 The project is a key priority for the Council which will deliver benefits locally and across the wider region.

5.0 FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

5.1 The cost of any advanced acquisition of businesses and negotiating relocation proposals is being funded through the land acquisition budget for Mersey Gateway secured through the allocation in the Council Capital programme. The revision to this budget is discussed at 3(c).

6.0 RISK ANALYSIS

6.1 The Council policy towards advance land acquisition and negotiating relocation is aimed at avoiding job losses. The success in reaching agreement with Thermo Fisher demonstrates the potential rewards from such an approach. Any agreement reached however must be based on proposals being economic and affordable.

7.0 EQUALITY AND DIVERSITY ISSUES

7.1 Mersey Gateway provides an opportunity to improve accessibility to services, education and employment for all.

8.0 LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS UNDER SECTION 100D OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1972

8.1 Files maintained by the Mersey Gateway Project Team and by the Highways and Transportation Department.

Appendix 1

Relocations as at December 2008

Runcorn - Industrial			
Size	Demand	Supply	/
ft2	No of Businesses	Runcorn Widne	
>100,000	1	2	1
>50,000 & <100,000	1	1	4**
>10,000 & <50,000	2*	35	12**
>1,000 & <10,000	1	33	23
<1,000	1	7	4
	8	78	44

* Three associated businesses wish to relocate to a single unit

** There are two sites offering new build between 10,000 & 80,000 in Widnes

Runcorn - Office			
Size Demand Supply			
ft2	No of Businesses	Runcorn	Widnes
>1,000 & <10,000	2	40	20
	2	40	20

Widnes - Industrial				
Size	Demand Supply			
ft2	No of Businesses	Widnes Runcorr		
>10,000 & <50,000	5	12**	35	
>1,000 & <10,000	7	23 33		
<1,000	1	4 7		
	13	40	75	

There are nine businesses looking for industrial space between 8,000 and 16,000 ft2 with only seven properties currently available in Widnes

	Widnes - Offices			
Size	Size Demand Supply			
ft2	No of Businesses	Widnes Runcor		
>1,000 & <10,000		20 40		
<1,000 (*)	2	15	15	
	2	35	55	

* Number of actual suites available will be higher

Widnes - Sites			
Size	Size Demand Supply		
Acres	No of Businesses	Widnes	Runcorn
>1 & <3	5	0	0
<1	2	2	1
	7	2	1

Unknown	6	Т
Relocated by self	1	
No alternative premises	1	
Waterloo Centre (Offices)	28	

enants at WTCS

>1000 ft2	1
>500 & < 1,000	6
<500	21

REPORT TO:	Mersey Gateway Executive Board
DATE:	29 January 2009
REPORTING OFFICER:	Strategic Director Environment
SUBJECT:	Mersey Gateway: Funding for Advanced Land Acquisition
WARDS:	All

1.0 PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

1.1 This report deals with the funding required to support the acquisition of land, including the interests of tenants and freeholders, prior to receiving Government grant. The report updates the information reported to the Mersey Gateway Executive Board (MGEB) on 15 November 2007, and the following proposals are consistent with the Mersey Gateway Business Relocation Strategy agreed by MGEB on 19 May 2008. It is proposed that the land acquisition budget is reviewed annually at this time of year so that any changes can be considered as part of the Council's budget deliberations. For the avoidance of doubt the report does not deal with the Mersey Gateway development budget which was agreed by MGEB on 25 September 2008.

2.0 **RECOMMENDATION:** That the Board

- i) approve the revised budget for Advanced Land Acquisition and Negotiations;
- ii) recommend that the Council amend the Capital Programme accordingly; and
- iii) note the potential call on the Council Priorities Fund.

3.0 SUPPORTING INFORMATION

- 3.1 The funding agreement with the Department for Transport (DfT) established when Mersey Gateway received Programme Entry approval in March 2006, and reconfirmed in October 2008, specifies that the Council is responsible for meeting all development costs up to receiving Final Funding approval for the project. Members are aware that the funding agreement with Ministers is being administered by the rules for delivering local major transport schemes. These rules establish the following stages in project approval:-
 - **Programme Entry** once the initial case has been made to the DfT (achieved in March 2006).

- **Conditional Approval** once statutory powers are in place and HM Treasury content for procurement to commence (ie the Treasury Project Review Group has cleared the outline business case (expected in January 2010)
- **Full Approval** case submitted once a Preferred Bidder has been identified and firm prices have been secured (expected in April 2011).
- 3.2 As reported previously to the MGEB this staged funding approval process means that grant is not available to cover any costs incurred on land acquisition and negotiation prior to full funding approval being granted, which is currently programmed for April 2011. Moreover, the grant for land acquisition is issued through the Regional Funding Allocation and affordability constraints in the regional programme has resulted in the proposed grant payments being further delayed.
- 3.3 Options to manage the funding gap for land acquisition have been assessed in some detail. These have included potential arrangements with third parties to share risk.
- 3.4 The following seven options for meeting the short term funding gap have been identified and evaluated.
 - 1. Regional Funding Acceleration (RFA): the funding gap could be closed considerably by bringing forward the funding profile by around £30m over the next three years.
 - 2. Infrastructure Fund Proposal: the forward funding of land assembly is often an issue for Councils when promoting large PFI projects. A proposal has been submitted by a private equity investment fund that has been established to assist local authorities in providing funding for project preparation and land acquisition where costs are incurred in advance of the PFI contract being placed.
 - 3. Pension Fund Proposal: this option has now been abandoned because the Council owned land that could be made available in a development partnership with the pension fund was not sufficiently attractive to off-set the land assemble costs and risks.
 - 4. HBC Direct Acquisition: the Council could cover the cost of early land acquisition and negotiation through a prudential borrowing loan facility and repay the loans using the grant when it is received from government.
 - 5. Asset Backed Option: the Council could either sell its surplus land and assets on the open market or enter into a development partnership utilising these assets to offset any borrowing costs incurred in option 4 above.
 - 6. PFI Contract: This option involves the PFI concessionaire purchasing all the necessary land as part of the PFI contract. The Council would then purchase the land from the concessionaire using the RFA grant.
 - 7. Hybrid Option: This option considers the combination of the asset backed option 5 and HBC acquiring the remaining land through

borrowing (option 4).

3.5 Each of the options has been assessed and scored against the five criteria of Deliverability. Timing, Affordability, Risk, Value for Money and Political Considerations. The scores where then totalled and the options ranked to identify the most favourable option for the Council. The seven options and summary scores are as follows:

	Score	Rank
Option		
RFA Acceleration	19	1
Infrastructure Fund Proposal	16	3
Pension Fund Proposal	(rejected/withdrawn)	
HBC Direct Acquisition	18	2
Asset Backed Option	15	5
PFI Contract	12	6
Hybrid Option	16	3

3.6 The most favourable option for HBC would be the acceleration of the RFA grant (Option 1) as it would minimise the gap in funding land assembly, thereby avoiding any significant external finance. However, due to constraints on the funding provided by DfT and by the North West Region this option may prove to be undeliverable. The Government has requested the Region to prepare Regional Funding Advice for its Comprehensive Spending Review period 2008-11 and beyond to 2018 (leading to the RFA2 submission that is required to be with Government by 28 February 2009). The first draft of RFA2 has been presented for public consultation and comments have been requested by 30 January 2009. The first draft highlights the shortage of funding for the Regions priority transport schemes over the next ten years at least. This draft submission suggests there is little scope to bring forward the RFA allocation for Mersey Gateway and our effort should be focussed on avoiding any slippage by securing the current grant profile in the final RFA2 advice put to Government. It should be noted however that spending the proposed RFA will depend on a number of schemes receiving full Funding approval which have yet to receive even Programme Entry status. It is therefore proposed that the Council is well placed to take advantage of any under spend that may arise in future years due to schemes being delayed. Any acceleration of all or part of the receipt of RFA will reduce the borrowing

requirements of any of the financing options and therefore improve affordability and value for money.

- 3.7 On the basis that it is not possible for the RFA to be accelerated then the preferred option is direct acquisition where the Council enter into prudential borrowing arrangements to acquire the land when needed.
- 3.8 The Infrastructure Fund proposal (Option 2) is the best option based on sharing risk with the private sector but the evaluation has failed to identify any substantial benefits to offset the additional deliverability and financial risks over and above any of the direct purchase options that could be undertaken by the Council. It is proposed to keep this option in reserve as it may offer deliverability benefits should RFA allocations and Council borrowing capacity come under further pressure.
- 3.9 The asset backed hybrid option is slightly less favourable as there is a higher degree of deliverability risk related to the realisation of the estimated sale value in the current market within the tight timetable. However, this option would potentially reduce the required prudential borrowing and cost to HBC and therefore could be considered to carry a lower degree of financial risk for HBC. The asset sale may be considered further as an option to provide mitigation against the financial exposure of the direct acquisition option.
- 3.10 The PFI contract variation is the least favourable option as it would delay the project and introduces the greatest project deliverability risk for HBC.
- 3.11 The results of the options appraisal have been reported to the Officer Project Board who concluded that funding advanced land purchase through prudential borrowing (Option 4) offers best value when combined with a further investigation of opportunity to mitigate the financial burden. The main mitigation measure to be investigated should be bringing forward the Regional Funding Allocation as part of the current review of the regional funding programme (RFA2).

4.0 POLICY AND FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

- 4.1 Funding advanced land acquisition through prudential borrowing is estimated to require around £28m prior to achieving final funding approval in spring 2011. The current allocation in the approved Capital Programme for Mersey Gateway Land Acquisition is restricted to £6m.
- 4.2 The actual expenditure incurred on land acquisition and negotiation and the commitments plus contingency based on the current negotiations are as follows:-

Land Acquired (including fees) Compensation Paid	= =	£ 2,500,000 £ Nil
Total Actual Spend	=	£ 2,500,000
Additional Commitments Pending (to March 2011) (estimated)	=	£ 18,700,000m
Contingency	=	£ 6,800,000
Total Budget to Full Funding Approval	=	£28,000,000

- 4.3 Based on this estimate the funding required to deliver the Mersey Gateway project in accordance with the established Business Relocation Strategy will require £22m of additional borrowing to be put in place over the next two years as £6m is already identified in the current Capital Programme.
- 4.4 Most of the advanced land acquisition costs are expected to fall in the financial year commencing April 2010 but it is estimated that a further £6m should be put in place at the earliest opportunity and the Capital Programme amended accordingly by the Council in March 2009. The expected balance of £16m will be reviewed towards the end of this year and the results reported to the MGEB taking into account the availability of funding through RFA that may reduce the borrowing required.
- 4.5 The above funding would cover the expected land expenditure up to receiving Full Funding approval which is programme for April 2011. After achieving Full Funding approval the total RFA of £79.6m is committed by Government but the payment of grant will be constrained by the amount available for Mersey Gateway in the RFA programme. The current financial projections for completing the land acquisition, including undertaking all necessary site clearance and decontamination works, indicate that further borrowing will be required to meet the gap between the timing of these costs and the current RFA grant payments.
- 4.6 The profile of expenditure set against the expected receipt of RFA grant is set out table 1 below:-

	2008/9	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13	13/14	14/15	15/16	Total
Land Acquisition Cost (including Site Clearance/De- Contamination works	4.5	7.5	16.0	36.0	7.8	Nil	Nil	5.0	76.8
RFA Grant (excluding £6.4m for development			4.0	6.0	9.3	33.2	23.7	3.4	79.6
Borrowing in Year)	4.5	7.5	12.0	30.0	-1.5	-33.2	-23.7	1.6	
Borrowing Required	4.5	12.0	24.0	54.0	52.5	19.3	(4.4)	(2.8)	

4.7 The cumulative borrowing requirement in advance of the grant receipt rises to an estimated £54.0m. This will be incorporated in the Treasury Management Policy to be considered by the Executive Board at its meeting on 12th February 2009. Interest costs on this borrowing will be dependent on the interest rate applicable at the time. Provision has been made in the budget for interest costs relating to 2009/10 borrowing although it may be necessary to utilise the Priorities Fund to meet the costs in future years.

5.0 IMPLICATIONS FOR THE COUNCIL'S PRIORITIES

5.1 The implementation of Mersey Gateway will have significant benefits for all Council priorities.

6.0 **RISK ANALYSIS**

- 6.1 The Council investment in early land acquisition is expected to deliver savings of at least £5m and will minimise the risk to businesses and jobs. The total estimated cost of £77m for land assembly including allowance for site clearance and de-contamination works is under review taking into account the more detailed information emerging in negotiations with the affected parties. Members should note that the bulk of the land acquisition will take place over the next three years and any commitments to acquire land will reflect the current market for commercial landholdings.
- 6.2 Should Mersey Gateway not be delivered for any reason then the Council would be able to resell any land bought but it is estimated that in a worst case the Council could lose up to £7m in abortive compensation and acquisition costs. Any increase in land values would reduce this loss and could produce a surplus should the market for commercial land improve. The substantive risk of early termination falls away at Final Funding approval expected in April 2011. At this stage the maximum financial exposure would be £28m (ie the maximum borrowing envisaged up to March 2011). The key events that pose a

threat to early termination are the confirmation of Orders in spring 2010, followed by market prices being confirmed when bids are returned from potential contractors in early 2011. Early termination would cause the market value of land acquired to remain on the Council balance sheet. As such the Council will be taking the market value risk of the assets purchased. The borrowing undertaken post Final Funding approval would be short term pending the receipt of grant that would be committed by Government at this stage.

6.3 The borrowing indicated in table 1 and reflected above in the risk assessment would be reduced if we are successful in bringing forward the RFA grant payments. This seems unlikely prior to reaching Final Funding approval, set for April 2011, but as this approval would commit Government grant, Mersey Gateway would be a strong candidate to benefit from any under spend in the RFA programme or reprioritisation of investment.

7.0 EQUALITY AND DIVERSITY ISSUES

7.1 Mersey Gateway provides an opportunity to improve accessibility to services, education and employment for all.

8.0 REASON(S) FOR DECISION

8.1 The recommended decisions are required to support the delivery of Mersey Gateway.

9.0 ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS CONSIDERED AND REJECTED

9.1 Not applicable.

10.0 IMPLEMENTATION DATE

10.1 The recommended decisions are required at the earliest opportunity to authorise the continued preparation of the Mersey Gateway project.

11.0 LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS UNDER SECTION 100D OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1972

11.1 Files maintained by the Mersey Gateway Project Team and by the Highways and Transportation Department